Amendments to the Claims:

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Currently Amended) A coolant for fuel cells that is used to cool down fuel cells, comprising:

a water-containing base material; and

a rustcorrosion-preventive additive that functions to keep an electric conductivity of said coolant for fuel cells at a low level and to maintain a hydrogen ion exponent of said coolant for fuel cells in a substantially neutral level.

- 2. (Currently Amended) A coolant for fuel cells in accordance with claim 1, wherein the base material is a solution mixture containing a glycol.
- 3. (Currently Amended) A coolant for fuel cells in accordance with claim 1, wherein the rustcorrosion-preventive additive includes at least one of an alkalescent alkaline additive and an acidulous acidic additive.
- 4. (Currently Amended) A coolant for fuel cells in accordance with claim 1, wherein the rustcorrosion-preventive additive includes an alkaline additive and an acidic additive.
- 5. (Currently Amended) A coolant for fuel cells in accordance with claim 4, wherein the alkaline additive is an ethanolamine-series.
- 6. (Currently Amended) A coolant for fuel cells in accordance with claim 5, wherein the ethanolamine series includes is one of triethanolamine, diethanolamine, and monoethanolamine.
- 7. (Currently Amended) A coolant for fuel cells in accordance with claim 4, wherein the acidic additive is selected out of the group consisting of triazole compounds, phosphoric acid compounds, and organophosphoric acid compounds.

- 8. (Currently Amended) A coolant for fuel cells in accordance with claim 1, wherein the rustcorrosion-preventive additive causes said coolant for fuel cells to have a hydrogen ion exponent of about 6 to 9.
- 9. (Currently Amended) A coolant for fuel cells in accordance with claim 1, wherein the rust-preventive additive causes said coolant for fuel cells to have a low has an electric conductivity of less than about 100 μS/cm.
- 10. (Currently Amended) A coolant for fuel cells in accordance with claim 1, wherein the rustcorrosion-preventive additive especially has exhibits rustcorrosion-preventive performance characteristics against aluminum material.
- 11. (Currently Amended) A coolant in accordance with claim 1, wherein the rustcorrosion-preventive additive is a nonionic-series substance.
- 12. (Currently Amended) A coolant in accordance with claim 11, wherein the nonionic-series substance includes at least one of a saccharide and a nonionic surfactant.
- 13. (Previously Presented) A coolant in accordance with claim 11, said coolant is decontaminated by a coolant decontamination system using either one of an ion exchange resin and a chelating resin.
- 14. (Currently Amended) A coolant in accordance with claim 1, said coolant has undergone deoxidization.deoxidation.
- 15. (Withdrawn) A method of enclosing a coolant in accordance with claim 1 in a cooling circuit for a stack of fuel cells, said method comprising the steps of: deoxidizing said coolant; and enclosing said deoxidized coolant with an inert gas in said cooling circuit.
- 16. (Currently Amended) A cooling system for a stack of fuel cells, system, said cooling system comprising: a coolant in accordance with claim 1; and a cooling circuit in which said coolant and an inert gas are enclosed.



17. (Withdrawn) A method of decontaminating a coolant, said method of comprising the steps of:

preparing a water-containing base material;

preparing a rust-preventive additive that functions to keep an electric conductivity of said coolant at a low level and to maintain a hydrogen ion exponent of said coolant in a substantially neutral level; and

removing deteriorating substances from a solution mixture of the base material and the rust-preventive additive with either one of an ion exchange resin and a chelating resin.

- 18. (New) The coolant according to claim 1, wherein the coolant is used in a fuel cell system.
- 19. (New) The method of claim 15, wherein the coolant has a conductivity of less than about 100 μ S/cm.
- 20. (New) The method of claim 17, wherein the coolant has a conductivity of less than about 100 μ S/cm.